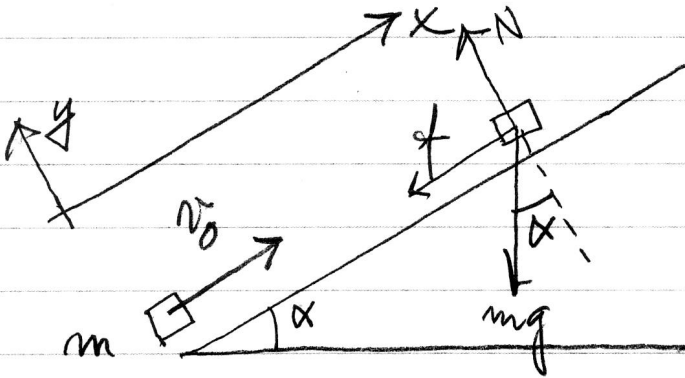


1

25/10 - 08

Übung 1



$$\uparrow : N - mg \cos \alpha = 0 ; N = mg \cos \alpha$$

$$f = \mu N = \mu mg \cos \alpha$$

Hast. null f. $x = l$

$$\frac{mv^2}{2} \Big|_{x=l} - \frac{mv_0^2}{2} = \int_0^l (-mg \sin \alpha - \mu mg \cos \alpha) dx$$

$$= 0$$

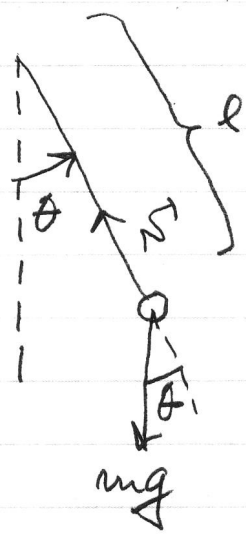
$$-\frac{mv_0^2}{2} = -mg(\sin \alpha + \mu \cos \alpha) l$$

$$l = \frac{v_0^2}{2g(\sin \alpha + \mu \cos \alpha)}$$

(2)

25/10-08

Übung 2



$$\vec{e}_r: m(\ddot{r} - v\dot{\theta}^2) = mg \cos \theta - S$$

$$r = l = \text{const.}$$

$$S = mg \cos \theta + ml\dot{\theta}^2$$

Bew. $\dot{\theta}^2(\theta)$

$$\vec{v} = l\dot{\theta}\vec{e}_\theta$$

$$\left. \frac{ml^2\dot{\theta}^2}{2} \right|_{\theta=\theta_0}^{\theta} = \int_{\theta_0}^{\theta} (-S\vec{e}_r + mg \cos \theta \vec{e}_r - mg \sin \theta \vec{e}_\theta) \cdot l d\theta \vec{e}_\theta$$

$= 0$

$$\frac{ml^2\dot{\theta}^2}{2} = -mgl \int_{\theta_0}^{\theta} \sin \theta d\theta = mgl (\cos \theta - \cos \theta_0)$$

$$ml\dot{\theta}^2 = 2mg(\cos \theta - \cos \theta_0)$$

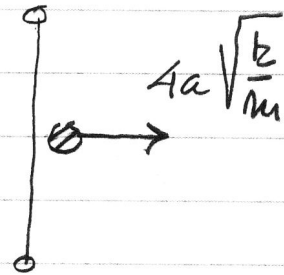
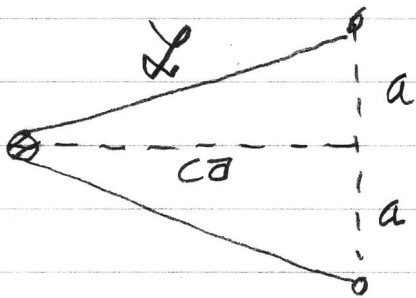
$$\Rightarrow S = 3mg \cos \theta - 2mg \cos \theta_0$$

$$S(0) = 3mg \Rightarrow \cos \theta_0 = 0, \theta_0 = \pm \frac{\pi}{2}$$

3

25/10-08

~~Üpp 3~~



$$T_0 = 0, V_0 = \frac{k}{2} (\Delta l)^2$$

$$T = \frac{mv^2}{2} = 8ka^2, V = 0$$

$$L = a\sqrt{1+c^2} \text{ aus Pythagoras Satz}$$

$$\Delta l = 2L - 2a = 2(L - a)$$

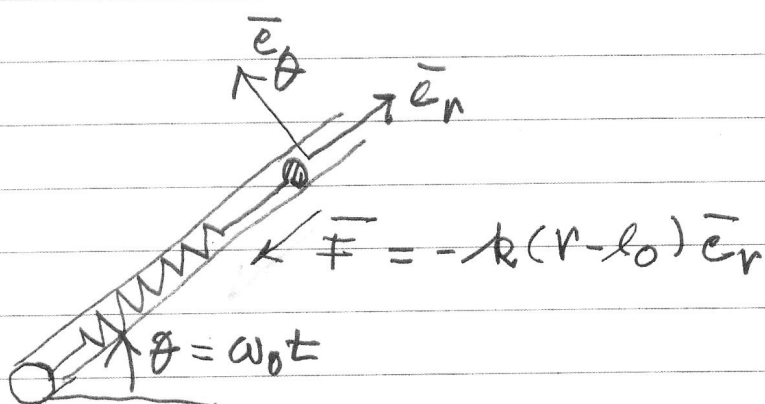
$$0 + \frac{k}{2} \cdot 4a^2 (\sqrt{1+c^2} - 1)^2 = 8ka^2$$

$$(\sqrt{1+c^2} - 1)^2 = 1$$

$$c = \left(\frac{t}{\tau}\right) 2\sqrt{2}$$

4

25/10-08



$$\vec{e}_r: m(\ddot{r} - r\dot{\theta}^2) = -k(r - l_0)$$

$$\ddot{r} + \frac{k}{m}r - r\dot{\theta}^2 = \frac{k}{m}l_0$$

$$\ddot{r} + \underbrace{\left(\frac{k}{m} - \omega_0^2\right)}_{\omega^2} r = \frac{k}{m}l_0$$

Subst. text $\omega^2 = 4\omega_0^2 \Rightarrow k = 5m\omega_0^2$

$$\ddot{r} + 4\omega_0^2 r = 5\omega_0^2 l_0$$

$$r = r_H + r_P, \quad r_P = \frac{5l_0}{4}$$

$$\text{BV: } r(0) = r_H(0) + \frac{5l_0}{4} = \frac{5l_0}{4} \Rightarrow r_H(0) = 0$$

$$\dot{r}(0) = \dot{r}_H(0) + 0 = \frac{l_0\omega_0}{2}$$

$$r = \underbrace{A \cos 2\omega_0 t + B \sin 2\omega_0 t}_{r_H} + \frac{5l_0}{4}$$

5

25/10-08

$$BV \Rightarrow A=0, B=\frac{l_0}{4}$$

$$r = \frac{l_0}{4} (5 - \sin \omega_0 t)$$