

*52nd APS/DFD meeting,
New Orleans, Louisiana
Nov 21–23, 1999*

Session AA. Turbulent Boundary Layers I (AA.06)

**New Values for Logarithmic Layer
Parameters Revealed by Two
Experiments in High Reynolds Number
Boundary Layers.**

Jens M. Österlund and Arne V. Johansson

*Department of Mechanics
Royal Institute of Technology (KTH)*

100 44 Stockholm

Hassan M. Nagib

*Illinois Institute of Technology
Chicago, IL 60616, USA*

Background

- Alternative Theories for Turbulent BL:
 - log- or power-law overlap regions
 - Re dependence of the overlap region
- Measurements in the MTL and NDF wind tunnels at KTH and IIT
 - Large span in Re
 - Independent measurements of the skin-friction

Classical Theory of Boundary Layers

Inner scaling

$$\frac{\bar{U}}{u_\tau} = f\left(\frac{yu_\tau}{\nu}\right) \quad (1)$$

Outer scaling

$$\frac{U_\infty - \bar{U}}{u_\tau} = F\left(\frac{y}{\delta}\right) \quad (2)$$

High Re \Rightarrow Overlap region: $\nu/u_\tau \ll y \ll \delta$

Matching \Rightarrow

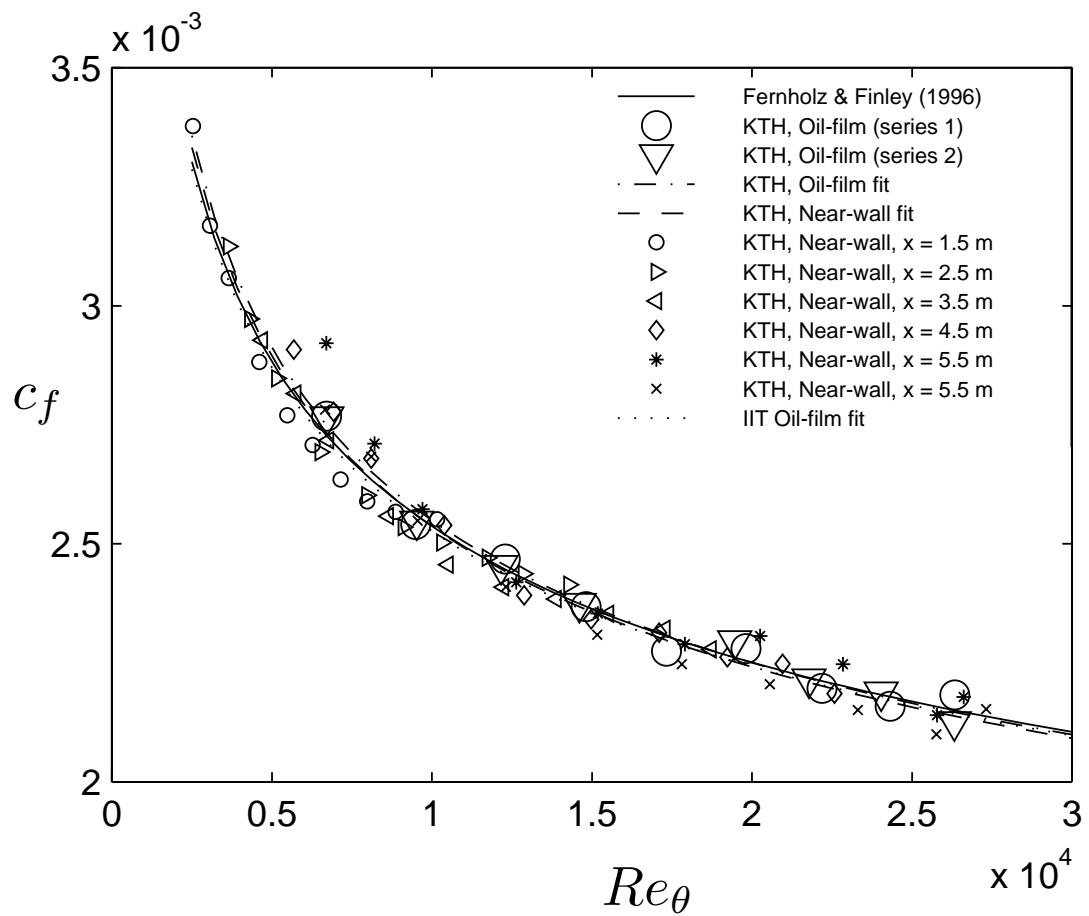
$$\frac{\bar{U}}{u_\tau} = \frac{1}{\kappa} \ln\left(\frac{yu_\tau}{\nu}\right) + B \quad (3)$$

$$\frac{U_\infty - \bar{U}}{u_\tau} = -\frac{1}{\kappa} \ln\left(\frac{y}{\delta}\right) + B_1 \quad (4)$$

Logarithmic skin friction law

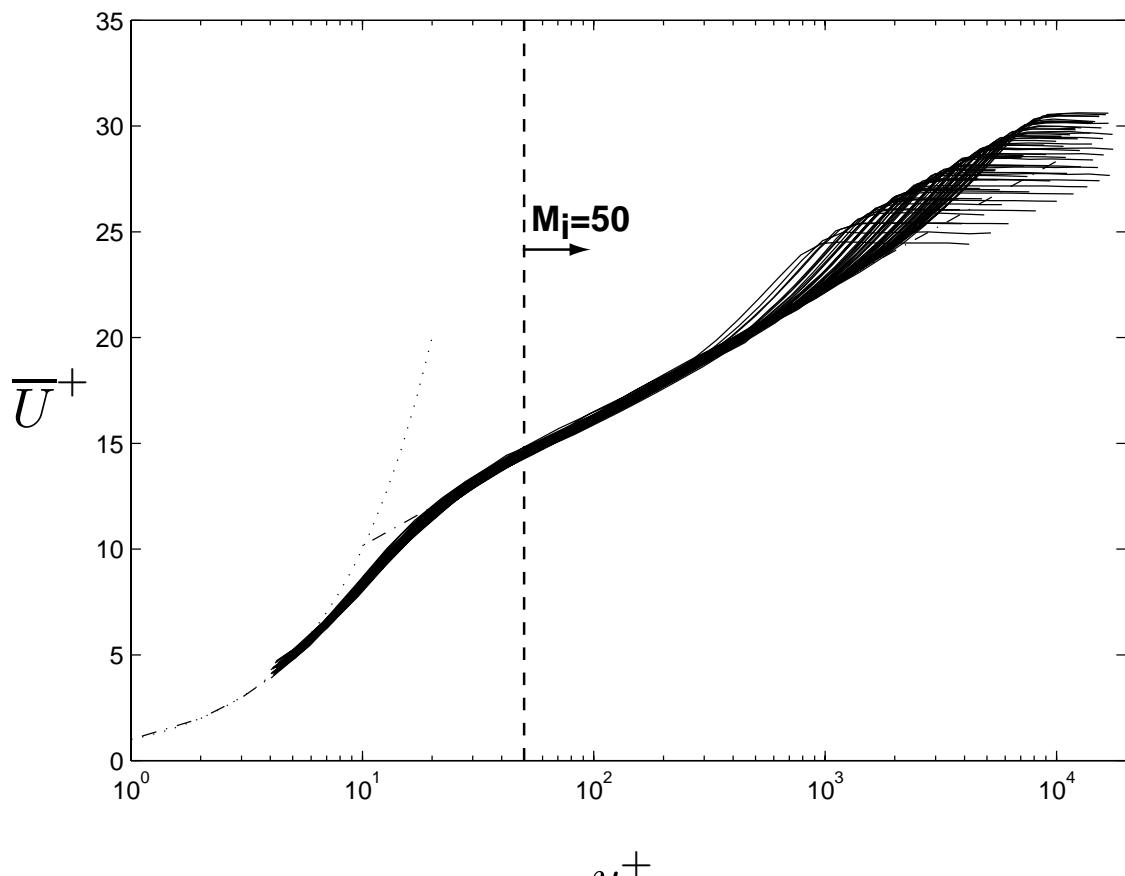
$$\frac{U_\infty}{u_\tau} = \frac{1}{\kappa} \ln\left(\frac{\delta u_\tau}{\nu}\right) + B + B_1 \quad (5)$$

Skin friction coefficient



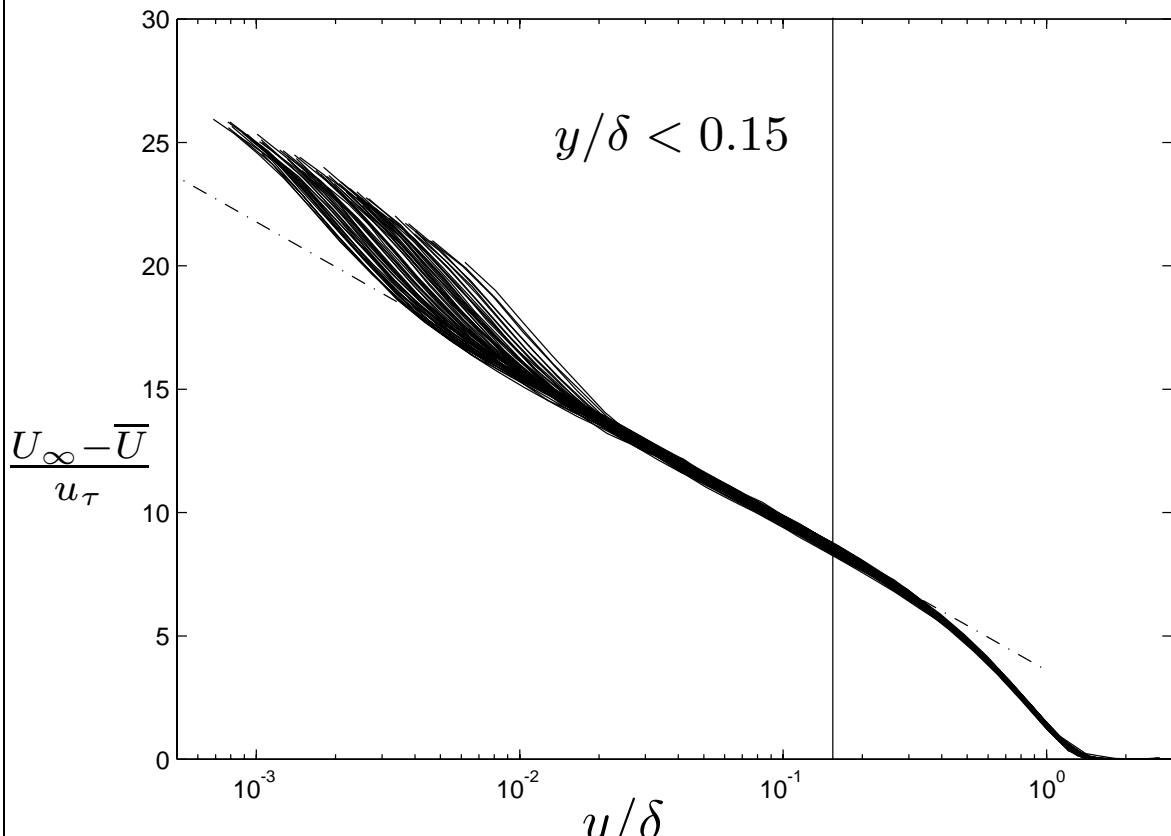
$$c_f = 2 \left[\frac{1}{\kappa} \ln(Re_\theta) + C \right]^{-2} \quad (6)$$

Mean Velocity Inner Scaling



$2500 < Re_\theta < 27000$.

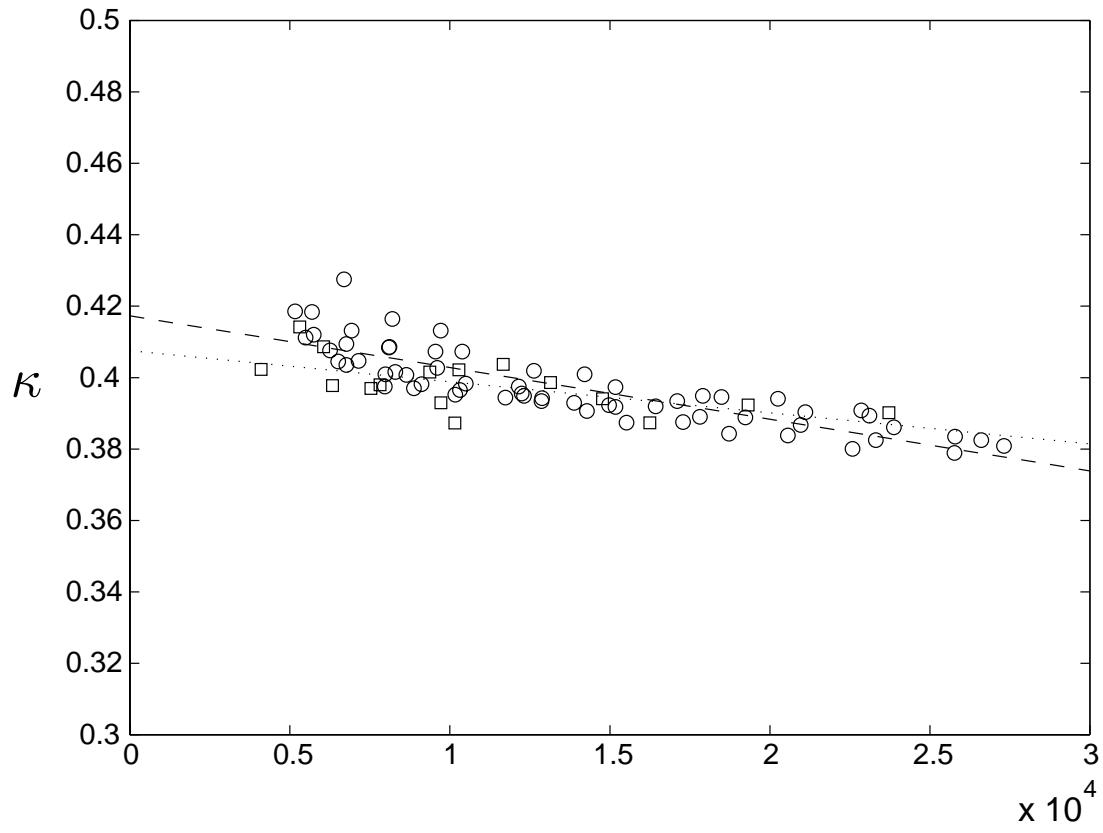
Mean Velocity Outer Scaling



$2500 < Re_\theta < 27000.$

κ from least-squares-fit of mean velocity profiles

$$M_i = 50, \quad M_o = 0.15$$

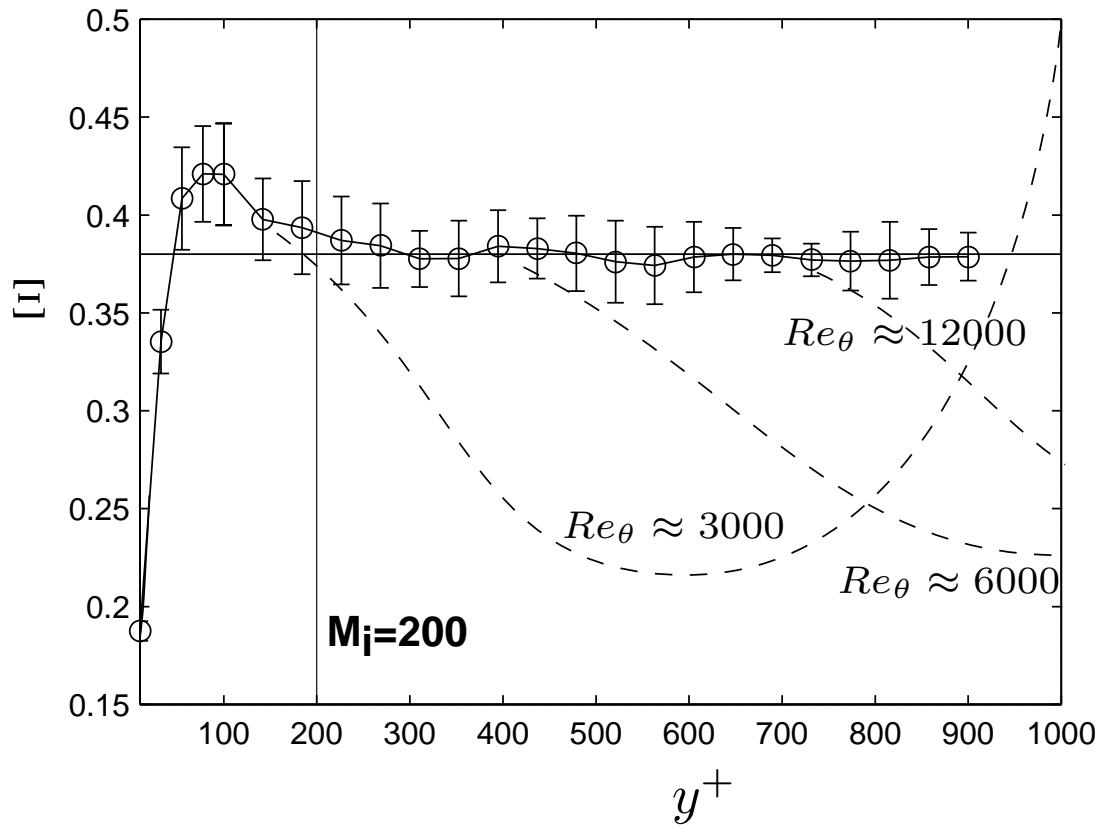


Re_θ

○: KTH

□: IIT

Diagnostic function Ξ Inner Scaling



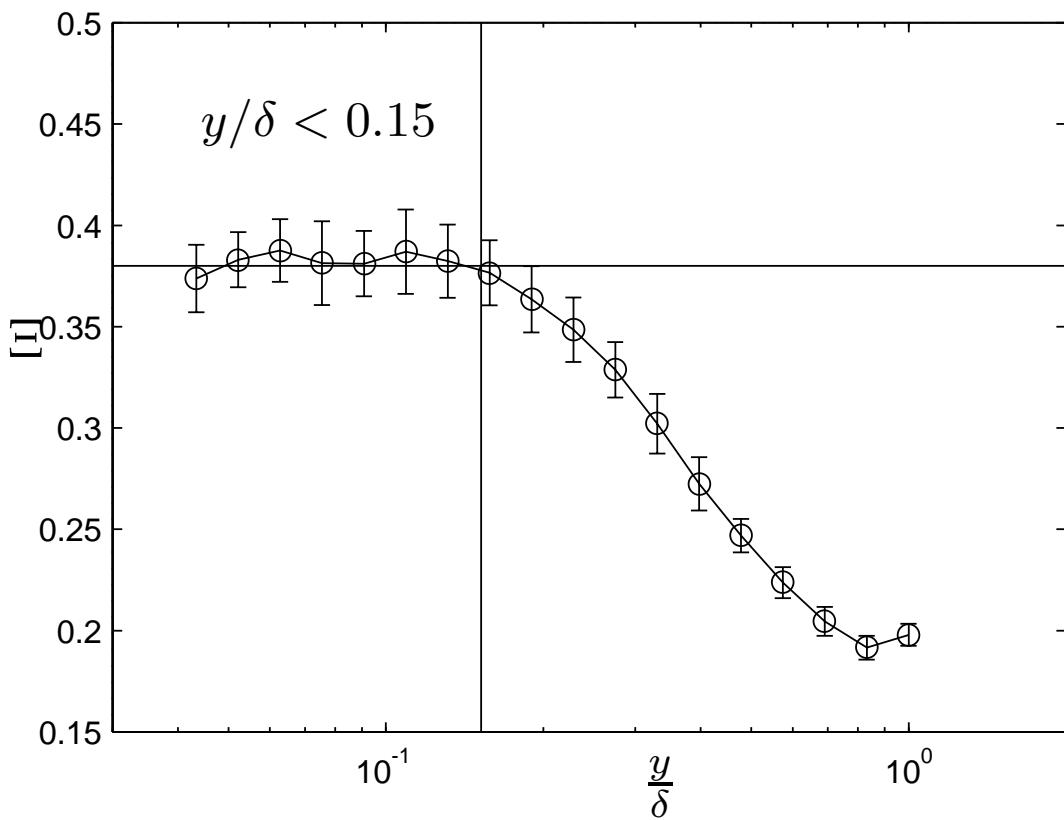
$$\Xi = \left(y^+ \frac{d\bar{U}^+}{dy^+} \right)^{-1} \quad (7)$$

$2500 < Re_\theta < 27000$.

Errorbars show a 95% confidence interval.

The horizontal line corresponds to $\kappa = 0.38$

Diagnostic function Ξ Outer Scaling

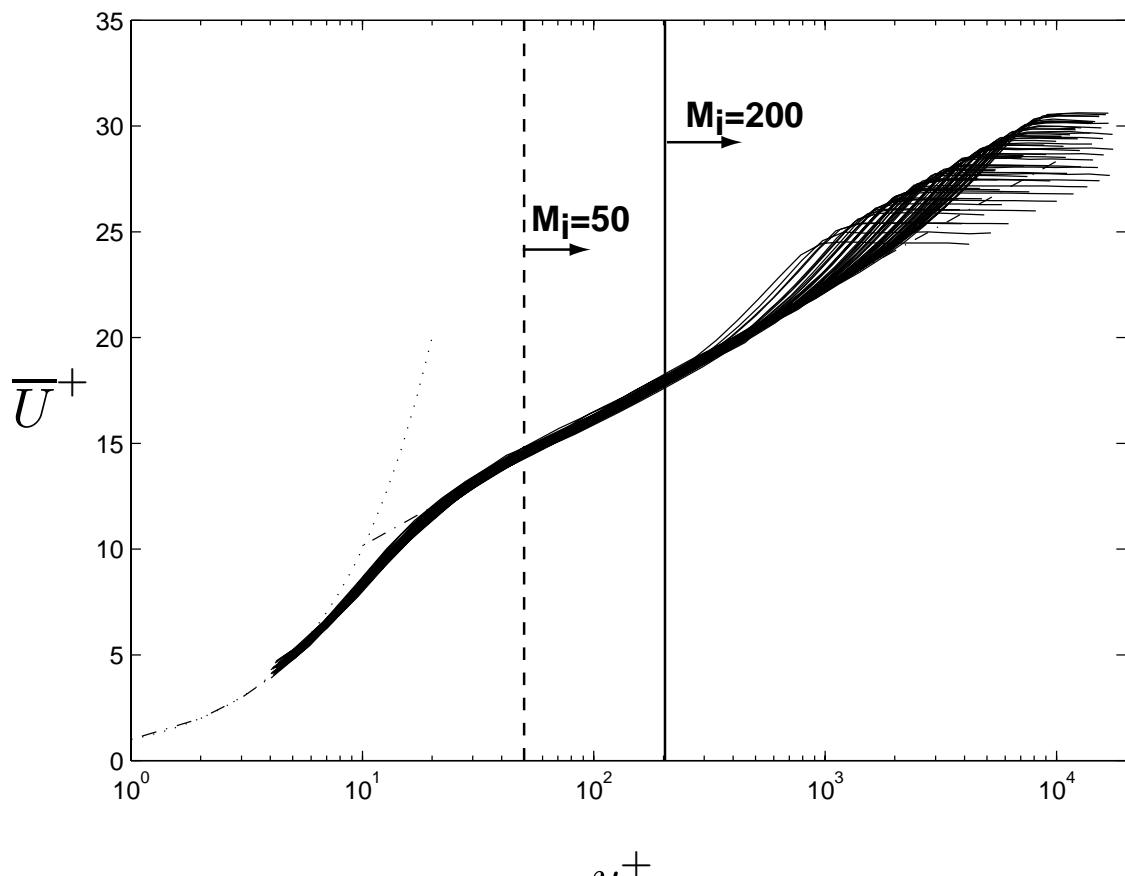


$2500 < Re_\theta < 27000$.

Errorbars show a 95% confidence interval.

The horizontal line corresponds to $\kappa = 0.38$

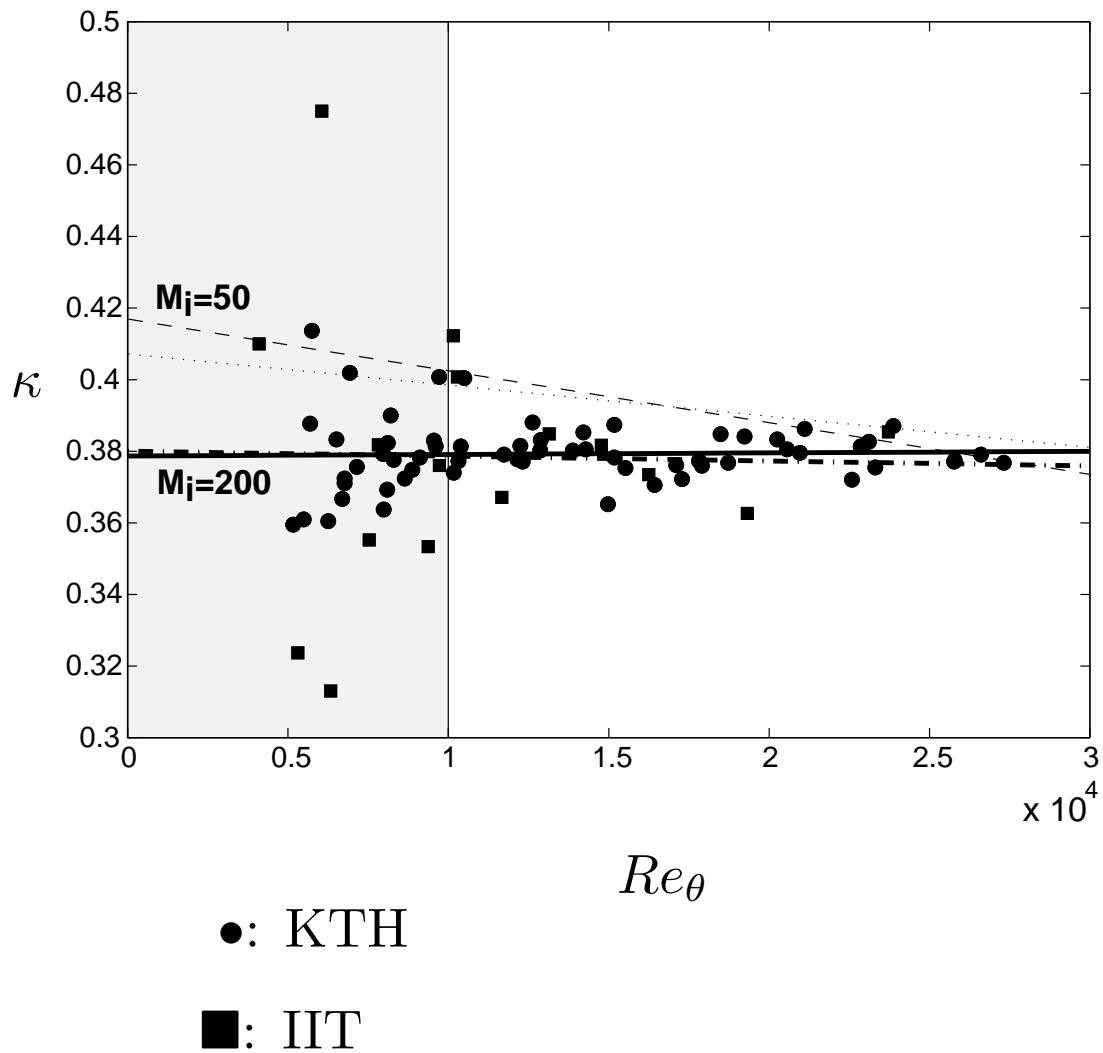
Mean Velocity Inner Scaling



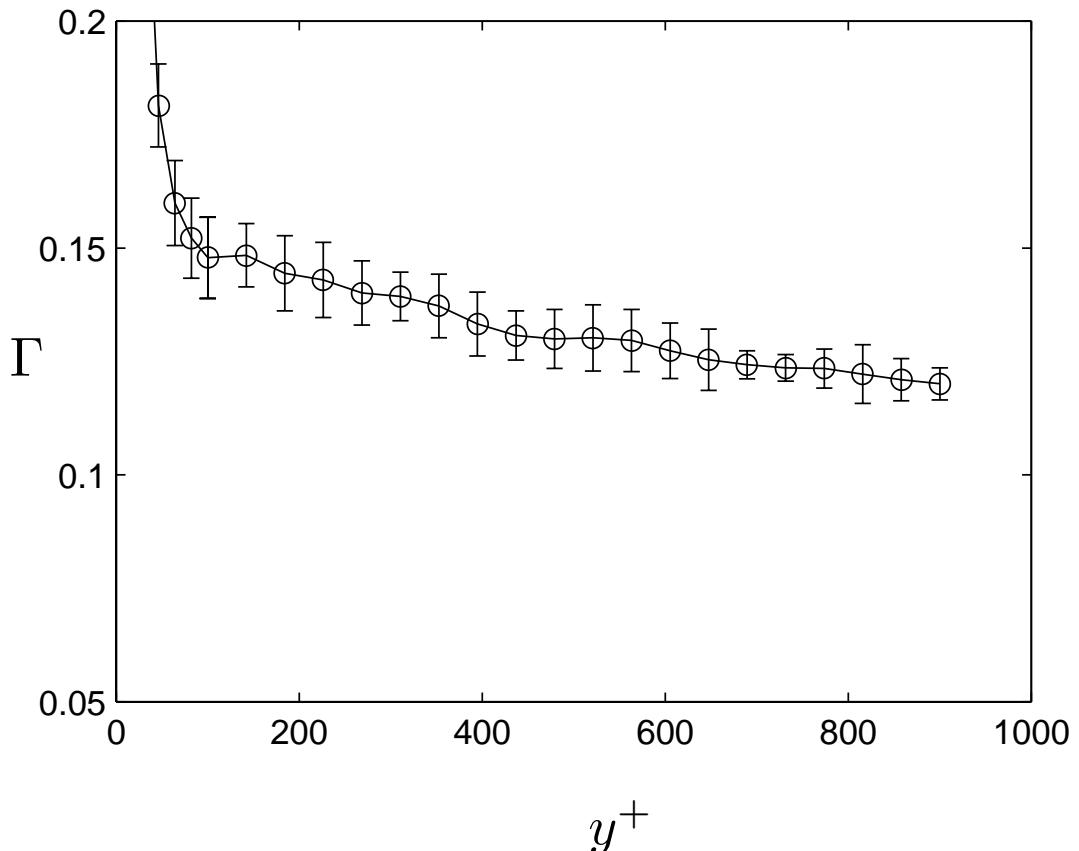
$2500 < Re_\theta < 27000$.

κ from least-squares-fit
of mean velocity profiles

$M_o = 0.15$



Diagnostic function Γ Inner Scaling



$$\Gamma = \frac{y^+}{\bar{U}^+} \frac{d\bar{U}^+}{dy^+} \quad (8)$$

$2500 < Re_\theta < 27000$.

Errorbars show a 95% confidence interval.

Concluding Remarks

- Experimental evidence in favor of the log-law
- New values for the “constants”:
 $\kappa = 0.38$
 $B = 4.1$
 $B_1 = 3.6 \quad (\delta = \delta_{95})$
- The overlap region: $200 < y^+ < 0.15\delta^+$
- No overlap for: $Re_\theta < 6000$

To appear in *Phys. of Fluids* Jan. 2000

See also:

Jens M. Österlund

Experimental studies of zero pressure-gradient turbulent boundary layer flow

December 1999

Royal Institute of Technology (KTH)

Stockholm, Sweden