

## Inlämningsuppgifter 1

### Uppgift 1.5:

$$\bar{v} = 10(4,12,3) \text{ m/s}$$

$$\bar{a} = (10, -2, -1) \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\bar{e}_v = \frac{\bar{v}}{v} = \frac{10(4,12,3) \text{ m/s}}{10\sqrt{4^2 + 12^2 + 3^2} \text{ m/s}} = \frac{(4,12,3)}{\sqrt{16+144+9}} = \frac{(4,12,3)}{\sqrt{169}} = \frac{(4,12,3)}{13}$$

$$a_t = \bar{a} \cdot \bar{e}_v = (10, -2, -1) \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot \frac{(4,12,3)}{13} = \frac{40 - 24 - 3}{13} \text{ m/s}^2 = \frac{13}{13} \text{ m/s}^2 = 1 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\bar{a}_t = a_t \bar{e}_v = 1 \text{ m/s}^2 \frac{(4,12,3)}{13} = \frac{(4,12,3)}{13} \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\bar{a}_n = \bar{a} - \bar{a}_t = (10, -2, -1) \text{ m/s}^2 - \frac{(4,12,3)}{13} \text{ m/s}^2 = \frac{(130, -26, -13) - (4,12,3)}{13} \text{ m/s}^2 = \frac{(126, -38, -16)}{13} \text{ m/s}^2$$

Svar:  $\bar{a}_t = \frac{(4,12,3)}{13} \text{ m/s}^2$

$$\bar{a}_n = \frac{(126, -38, -16)}{13} \text{ m/s}^2$$

### Uppgift 2.7:

$$m = C \cdot r^a \cdot \sigma^b \cdot g^c$$

$\dim(\sigma) = \dim(F/A) = ML^{-1}T^{-2}$  (tillagt av Göran Karlsson)

$\{\sigma\} = \{F/A\}$  betyder att enheten för  $\sigma$  är  $\text{kgms}^{-2}\text{m}^{-2} = \text{kgm}^{-1}\text{s}^{-2}$ .

|            |             |            |                                |                  |
|------------|-------------|------------|--------------------------------|------------------|
| Variabel:  | $m$         | $r$        | $\sigma$                       | $g$              |
| Enhet:     | $\text{kg}$ | $\text{m}$ | $\text{kgm}^{-1}\text{s}^{-2}$ | $\text{ms}^{-2}$ |
| Dimension: | $M$         | $L$        | $ML^{-1}T^{-2}$                | $LT^{-2}$        |

$$VL = M$$

$$HL = 1 \cdot L^a \cdot (ML^{-1}T^{-2})^b \cdot (LT^{-2})^c = L^a \cdot M^b L^{-b} T^{-2b} \cdot L^c T^{-2c} = L^{a-b+c} M^b T^{-2b-2c}$$

$$\begin{cases} M: & 1 = b \\ T: & 0 = -2b - 2c \Rightarrow c = -b = -1 \\ L: & 0 = a - b + c \Rightarrow a = b - c = 1 - (-1) = 2 \end{cases}$$

$$m = C \cdot r^a \cdot \sigma^b \cdot g^c = C \cdot r^2 \cdot \sigma^{-1} \cdot g^{-1} = C \frac{\sigma^2}{g}$$

Svar:  $m = C \frac{\sigma^2}{g}$